PRELIMINARY DESIGN CHECKLIST – SS10 NOISE WALL

Abbreviations – Use as needed. Reference [BDM 13.1.4]

Project Location:

GENERAL

	Design Guidance – [DB DM 11-D2, BDM 3.12, C3.12]	increments, except at the end wall where 4' increments are acceptable.
	Survey Control Point – Use coordinates/description per plan set	Grading was reviewed to identify any locations having a
	Traffic Data as shown in Road Plans - see CADD cell	 spilt ground profile. It is preferred to avoid split ground profiles. If they are needed, a 2 foot or less differential does not require special wall design. Split profiles with differential greater than 2 feet require a note on the TSL to identify the location(s) and need fo special structural retainment design.
	Utilities Table - add legend table and label each for all utilities shown on plan sheet	
	Location Table – include latitude/longitude (6 decimal) at midpoint of wall (e.g. "42.022249, -93.622893")	
	Township/Range (e.g. "T-35/36N", "R-2/3W")	
	Section (e.g. "35/36")	When a noise wall is proposed to be constructed with a precast column/panel system, the following is typically applicable:
	Size in Title Block – (Ex. Length x Variable Height)	
	Project number, file number, design number, CADD file name	 The baseline horizontal alignment should be defined along the center of the wall, rather than a front or back
	Scale bar	face. This approach is helpful in defining drilled shaft center spacing and deflection locations. It will also be easier to avoid issues due to panel width uncertainty during preliminary design. o The site meets the conditions where Vehicle Collision Force design do not need to be considered. The concrete column/panel system is not conductive to collision force design. o Whole degree baseline deflections are acceptable but should be limited to the column locations. Deflections may require a special column design (to be determined in final design).
	North arrow	
	Noise wall type was coordinated between the BSB, the aesthetic coordinator, and the District.	
	Noise wall geometry (horizontal alignment, top and bottom of wall, and proposed grading surface were provided by Road Design. The proposed geometry meets the project	
	wall type and structural design needs. Noise wall impacts resulting from high fills or nearby retaining walls were considered (if applicable)	
	The horizontal alignment is adequate with respect to Vehicle Collision Force guidelines (BDM 3.12, C3.12 and AASHTO 9 th Edition LRFD Section 15.8.4).	 Precast "H"-shaped concrete columns shall typically be set on 16-foot center to center spacing along the baseline.
	A Horizontal Alignment Table is provided.	
	A Top and Bottom Wall Profile Table is provided.	 One "H"-shaped column will be embedded within a drilled shaft. In unique cases the column will be bolted to the top of a footing or utility bridge beam).
	Adequate handling of surface water drainage is provided.	
	The noise wall does not conflict with UAC or proposed utilities. Coordination with the <u>District Utility Coordinator</u> or <u>Foundations Field Engineer</u> may be required.	 A 4' diameter drilled shaft may be shown for preliminary situation plan purposes. However, the diameter should not be labeled, as it will be determined in final design.
	 Depending on the confidence level of survey, a request to have a utility depth and location potholed may be prudent. A minimum 2 feet of vertical clearance is generally acceptable (may vary on a case-by-case basis or by request of utility owner). 	To eliminate a utility crossing conflict with a drilled shaft a "utility bridge" solution may be needed to skip or shift a drilled shaft. The column would be bolted to the bridge beam for this solution, in lieu of changing the column spacing and panel sizes. Utility bridge details are available upon request.
	 A minimum 5 feet of horizontal clearance to centerline drilled shaft is generally acceptable (may vary on a case-by-case basis or by request of utility owner). 	 Precast concrete full panels (4' height) and half panels (2' height) are designed to slide-in between the adjacen "H" shaped precast concrete columns. A 6-inch panel width can typically be shown for preliminary design
	 Horizontal clearance to an existing or proposed utility longitudinal to a proposed noise wall should be 15 feet or as otherwise coordinated with the District and Design team. Utility type, depth, construction impacts, utility 	purposes. One concrete half panel is allowed between adjacent columns when needed to accommodate the preferred 2

County:______ Design No.:_____ Check By:______ Date:_____

Date: 8-1-2021

Consultant:

maintenance shall be considered.

related features, and potential for future utility

Wall top profile steps up or down should be 2-foot

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or baseline, at begin and end noise wall stations.

deflection locations.

from barrier, as applicable.

spacing.

Wall baseline station at begin and end wall, and at all

Dimension minimum horizontal clearance from traveled way or top face of barrier rail along roadway. Verify that the project clear zone is achieved, or appropriate setback

Tangent lengths begin to end of wall and between deflections are labeled and are divisible by column

notes:

Date: 8-1-2021 step increments. The preliminary design shall show the Proposed Pipes and/or St-S/Intake drainage systems half panel in the bottom position. However, the half shown. panel may be moved to a different position in final Check that all text and dimensioning is legible and not design. placed on top of other text or features Typical cross section provided. (usually on Road Design **General Notes** sheets is sufficient) General Notes shown on the TS&L are to be incorporated into the General Notes of the final plan set. The final designer shall LONGITUDINAL SECTION delete these notes from the final TS&L. Example note: ALL COLUMNS SHALL BE SET PLUMB. The Longitudinal Section shall be along the noise wall baseline. It shall not be based on a projection perpendicular to the roadway from the Plan view **Design Notes** (therefore, the true length will be shown). Design Notes shown on the TS&L are intended to inform the final Show all drainage structures and utilities that cross the designer of design decisions and other requirements. The final designer shall delete these notes from the final TS&L. Example Existing ground line and proposed grade line (left and right if differing) shown and labeled DRILLED SHAFT DEPTH TO BE DETERMINED IN Top of wall elevations, step locations FINAL DESIGN. Bottom of wall elevations, step locations CONTACT KIMBALL OLSON OF THE IOWA DOT BSB REGARDING AESTHETIC TREATMENTS. The desired 1' bottom panel embedment below proposed grading (6 inches minimum) is provided. Minimum wall height is 8 feet. Desirable ending wall height **Plan Notes** is 8 feet. Plan Notes should remain on the final TS&L. Example notes: Any vertical scale exaggeration is labeled (ex. 1H:2V). GRANULAR BACKFILL BETWEEN NOISE WALL AND BARRIER RAIL. **CADD Checklist** POTHOLE ELEVATION AT TOP OF UTILITY = ?? Refer to: Preliminary Bridge - Electronic Deliverables **PLAN VIEW** Verify Iowa Regional Coordinate System is correct for this project site. Label "Situation Plan" Correct ProjectWise folder structure is being used. Ground elevations, contours, and topography. Label contour elevations. The B1_Submittal folder contains the finalized pdf TS&L Existing utilities (fence-lines, tiles); label - fiber optic/gas line/etc. The finalized STR .dgn file resides in the BRPrelim root folder and marked as Final Status. Existing structures (bridge, culverts); label type/size/station and design number The correct STR .dgn file naming convention is used. Label the noise wall baseline and roadway centerlines The correct model naming conventions are being followed. Label stationing on at least two "tic" marks in the plan view The proposed culvert is drawn accurately in the STR_PRELIM_DESIGNS model. Dimension the proposed length (begin to end of wall) The correct level and element symbology are being Label baseline deflections followed. Use brg levels with ByLevel symbology where Proposed roadway station and offset from road centerline

possible.

document.

The PLANBASE and STR_PRELIM models are being

used as described in the Electronic Deliverables